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United States District Court, Northern District of Illinois

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Name of Assigned Judge or Magistrate Judge		James E	3. Moran	Sitting Judge if Other than Assigned Judge			
CASE NUMBER 01		01 C	399	DATE	3/19/	2002	
CASE TITLE			Stephen Assam vs. Elizabeth Patricia etc.et al.				
[In the following box (a) indicate the party filing the motion, e.g., plaintiff, defendant, 3rd party plaintiff, and (b) state briefly the nature of the motion being presented.]							
Memorandum Opinion and Order							
DOCKET ENTRY:							
(1)	☐ Filed motion of [use listing in "Motion" box above.]						
(2)	☐ Brief	Brief in support of motion due					
(3)	Answer brief to motion duc Reply to answer brief due						
(4)							
(5))						
(6)	Pretrial conference[held/continued to] [set for/re-set for] on set for at						
(7)	☐ Trial[☐ Trial[set for/re-set for] on at					
(8)	☐ [Bend	h/Jury trial] [Hearing] held/continued to _	at			
(9)			/without] prejudice and without costs[by/agreement/pursuant to] Rule 21				
[Other docket entry] Enter Memorandum Opinion and Order. We grant defendants' motion for judgment on the pleadings. That leaves the counterclaim. Most of it has been resolved by this and prior rulings. Defendant has, we have ruled, validly terminated the resulting trust. But that we leave to another day, although with the observation, made several times before, that this matter should come to an end without further expenditure of time and effort. Status hearing set for April 3, 2002 at 9:15am.							
	No notices required, advised in open court.					Document	
	No notices required.			MA	nymber of notices	Number	
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IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS EASTERN DIVISION

STEPHEN ASSAM,)
Plaintiff,) Case No. 01 C 0399
V. 89.0	District Court Judge Moran) - 317
ELIZABETH PATRICIA)
ASSAM-METZLER and HARTLAND	
MORTGAGE CENTERS, INC.,	
Defendants.) N

MEMORANDUM ORDER AND OPINION

We have twice, on December 11, 2001 and January 3, 2002, ruled on pending matters. Those left open one issue, which might or might not be relevant, whether defendants' sons, as possible contingent beneficiaries, consented to the termination of the resulting trust. Rather than having the parties expend any further time briefing some rather arcane Illinois real property issues, we suggested, after we were advised that they did so consent, that they do so in writing. They did so on February 4, 2002.

Plaintiff was not satisfied. At a status on February 7, 2002, his counsel contended that he thought the sons had to be added as parties and that, in any event, he contested the voluntary nature of son Auldwin A. Metzler's consent. So the record might be wholly clear, we permitted plaintiff to take a very short deposition of Auldwin and to file any resulting motion by March 5, 2002.

No deposition was taken. At the March 5, 2002 status, plaintiff's counsel contended a deposition would be futile because, he claimed, Auldwin had told plaintiff he was coerced into signing the affidavit but would not say so at a deposition. In the meantime, defendant had filed a

reaffirming affidavit, executed by Auldwin. Plaintiff has also filed a motion to dismiss

defendant's counterclaim, using that motion as a vehicle to argue that the sons must be named as

parties, even though their interests are at most contingent and they disclaim any interest in the

property. We deny the motion to dismiss the counterclaim and we decline to add the sons as

parties. Enough has been expended on this family squabble already. We grant defendants'

motion for judgment on the pleadings.

That leaves the counterclaim. Most of it has been resolved by this and prior rulings.

Defendant has, we have ruled, validly terminated the resulting trust. She has the entire interest in

the property and plaintiff has no interest in the property. Thus, any lis pendens asserted by

plaintiff is null and void. There is, as well, a claim for damages and costs. She is entitled to

costs as the prevailing party. Perhaps she is entitled to damages based on a claim that plaintiff,

the sometime trustee of the resulting trust now terminated, in breach of fiduciary obligations

caused her harm. But that we leave to another day, although with the observation, made several

times before, that this matter should come to an end without further expenditure of time and

effort.

ENTERED:

d States District Court Judge

Dated: 3/19/02

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